

L 17-3-Cauchy like criterion

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let S be non-empty

Defⁿ:

$f_n: S \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is Cauchy

\iff

$\{f_n(x)\}$ is Cauchy $\subseteq \mathbb{R}$

for all $x \in S$ given (f_n) Cauchy

can define

$$f(x) := \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} f_n(x)$$

$\therefore f_n: S \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ Cauchy iff f_n converges to some $f: S \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

Defⁿ:

$f_n: S \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is uniformly Cauchy

iff $\forall \epsilon > 0 \exists N > 0 \in \mathbb{Z} \gg 0$ s.t. $\forall n, m \geq N$

$$\sup_{x \in S} (f_n(x) - f_m(x)) < \epsilon$$

$N = N(\epsilon)$ independent of $x \in S$

\implies then

A uniformly Cauchy sequence $f_n: S \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ converges uniformly to its pointwise limit

